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AMENDMENT

In the Claims:

- A. Kindly cancel Claim 4, without prejudice.
- B. Kindly amend Claims 1, 2, 5, 12, and 14, as follows.
- 1. (currently amended) A method of fabricating a semiconductor device, having a nitride/high-k material/nitride gate dielectric stack, comprising; initiating formation of the nitride/high-k material/nitride gate dielectric stack by:

depositing a first ultra-thin nitride film on a semiconductor substrate,

wherein the first ultra-thin nitride film is deposited by using an atomic layer deposition (ALD) technique;

depositing a high-k material on the first ultra-thin nitride film, wherein the high-k material comprises a thin metal film, and

wherein the thin metal film comprises at least one material selected from
a group consisting essentially of zirconium (Zr), hafnium (Hf),

and titanium (Ti); and

depositing a second ultra-thin nitride film on the high-k material,

thereby forming a sandwich structure, wherein the second ultra-thin nitride film is deposited using an atomic layer deposition (ALD) technique;

completing formation of the nitride/high-k material/nitride gate dielectric stack from the sandwich structure; and completing fabrication of the device.

(currently amended) A method as recited in claim 1, wherein the substrate comprises
 <u>a material selected from a group consisting of a silicon wafer [or] and a silicon-on-insulator (SOI) wafer.</u>

- 3. (originally filed) A method as recited in claim 1, wherein the first ultra-thin nitride film comprises silicon nitride (Si_3N_4), and wherein the first ultra-thin nitride film has a thickness in a range of 1 to 2 atomic layer(s).
- 4. (canceled)

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- 5. (currently amended) A method as recited in claim 1, wherein the thin metal film <u>further</u> comprises [at least one metal selected from a group consisting essentially of zirconium (Zr), hafnium (Hf), titanium (Ti), and] tantalum (Ta).
- 6. (originally filed) A method as recited in claim 1, wherein the thin metal film comprises a metal oxide.
- 7. (previously amended) A method as recited in claim 1, wherein the second ultra-thin nitride film comprises silicon nitride (Si₃N₄), and wherein the second ultra-thin nitride film has a thickness in a range of 1 to 2 atomic layer(s).

(currently amended) A method as recited in claim 1, wherein completing formation of

- the nitride/high-k material/nitride gate dielectric stack from the sandwich structure comprises:

 depositing a thick gate material on the second ultra-thin nitride film;

 patterning the thick gate material, thereby forming a gate electrode; and etching portions of the sandwich structure uncovered by the gate electrode, thereby completing formation of the nitride/high-k material/nitride gate dielectric stack.
- 9. (originally filed) A method as recited in claim 1, wherein completing fabrication of the device comprises forming of a MOSFET structure comprising the gate dielectric stack.
- 10. (originally filed) A method as recited in claim 8, wherein the thick gate material comprises a material selected from a group consisting essentially of polysilicon (poly-Si) and polysilicon-germanium (poly-SiGe), and wherein the thick gate material is patterned using a material such as photoresist.

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11.	(originally filed) A method as recited in claim 1, wherein completing fabrication of the
	device comprises:

forming a source/drain structure in the substrate and flanking the gate dielectric stack; forming at least one spacer on at least one sidewall of the gate dielectric stack; and silicidizing a shallow source/drain region as well as the high-k gate stack, thereby forming a source/drain silicide in a shallow source/drain region of the substrate and a gate silicide on the gate dielectric stack.

- 12. (currently amended) A method of fabricating a semiconductor device, having a nitride/high-k material/nitride gate dielectric stack, comprising:
 - initiating formation of the nitride/high-k material/nitride gate dielectric stack by: depositing a first ultra-thin nitride film on a semiconductor substrate,

wherein the first ultra-thin nitride film is deposited by using an atomic layer deposition (ALD) technique, and

wherein the substrate comprises a material selected from a group consisting of a silicon wafer [or] and a silicon-on-insulator (SOI) wafer;

depositing a high-k material on the first ultra-thin nitride film,

wherein the high-k material comprises a thin metal film, and
wherein the thin metal film comprises at least one material selected from

a group consisting essentially of zirconium (Zr), hafnium (Hf),
and titanium (Ti); and

depositing a second ultra-thin nitride film on the high-k material,

thereby forming a sandwich structure, wherein the second ultra-thin nitride film is deposited by using an atomic layer deposition (ALD) technique;

completing formation of the nitride/high-k material/nitride gate dielectric stack from the sandwich structure; and completing fabrication of the device.

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- 13. (previously amended) A method as recited in claim 12,
 wherein the first ultra-thin nitride film comprises silicon nitride (Si₃N₄), and
 wherein the first ultra-thin nitride film has a thickness in a range of 1 to 2 atomic layer(s).
- 14. (currently amended) A method as recited in claim 13,

 [wherein the high-k material comprises a thin metal film,]

 wherein the thin metal film further comprises [at least one metal selected from a group consisting essentially of zirconium (Zr), hafnium (Hf), titanium (Ti), and] tantalum (Ta), and

 wherein the thin metal film further comprises a metal oxide.
- 15. (previously amended) A method as recited in claim 14, wherein the second ultra-thin nitride film comprises silicon nitride (Si₃N₄), and wherein the second ultra-thin nitride film has a thickness in a range of 1 to 2 atomic layer(s).

(currently amended) A method as recited in claim 15, wherein completing formation

- of the nitride/high-k material/nitride gate dielectric stack from the sandwich structure comprises:

 depositing a thick gate material on the second ultra-thin nitride film;

 patterning the thick gate material, thereby forming a gate electrode; and etching portions of the sandwich structure uncovered by the gate electrode, thereby completing formation of the nitride/high-k material/nitride gate dielectric stack.
 - 17. (originally filed) A method as recited in claim 16, wherein completing fabrication of the device comprises forming of a MOSFET structure comprising the gate dielectric stack.
 - 18. (originally filed) A method as recited in claim 17,
 wherein the thick gate material comprises a material selected from a group consisting
 essentially of polysilicon (poly-Si) and polysilicon-germanium (poly-SiGe), and
 wherein the thick gate material is patterned using a material such as photoresist.

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19. (originally filed) A method as recited in claim 18, wherein completing fabrication of the device comprises:

forming a source/drain structure in the substrate and flanking the gate dielectric stack; forming at least one spacer on at least one sidewall of the gate dielectric stack; and silicidizing a shallow source/drain region as well as the high-k gate stack, thereby forming a source/drain silicide in a shallow source/drain region of the substrate and a gate silicide on the gate dielectric stack.

20. (previously canceled)